

TWO-CENT TRANSFERS IN MANHATTAN AND BROOKLYN



The Evening World.



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NO LEAGUE CHANGE, WILSON INSISTS

EMBARGO PUT ON FREIGHT AS SHIP STRIKERS RIOT

MOB BEATS STRIKEBREAKERS AND WRECKS BOWERY OFFICE; EMBARGO ON OCEAN FREIGHT

Clubs and Fists Fly as 75 Men Attack Agency and Rout 250.

DEADLOCK CONTINUES.

Tie-Up Causing Loss of \$5,000,000 a Day to Owners—50,000 Are Out.

H. B. Walker, manager of the Coastwise steamships of the Federal Railway Administration in New York, today ordered an embargo against freight destined for reshipment from this port on vessels controlled by the Railway Administration. Many shipments are thus halted in various parts of the country. The reason for the embargo is the semi-paralysis of ocean traffic by the strike of seamen.

The strike situation was marked by more bitterness to-day than at any other time since the walkout. There was a riot in the Bowery this morning when seventy-five strikers tried to prevent ship owners from recruiting new crews. And the strikers were not at all calmed by the attitude of the Railway Administration.

Mr. Walker said the administration now controls ships of the Morgan, Savannah and Old Dominion lines. He said the administration would not yield to the demands of the strikers, who insist on the principle of the closed shop.

Whether the embargo will extend to other shipping lines or not is not yet known. At the office of the Clyde line it was said that President Raymond was attending a meeting this afternoon at which the question of an embargo was expected to be discussed.

The renewal of hostilities has caused an increase in the police guard. Boarding houses and shipping agencies are the chief objects of attacks, the men being particularly incensed against some of the boarding houses that have been reported as having shipped out strike-breaking crews.

The riot was at No. 247 Bowery. The strikers, armed with clubs and missiles, stormed an alleged strike-breaking crew.

(Continued on Second Page.)

CLOSING TIME
7.30 P. M. Sharp
on Saturdays for
SUNDAY WORLD
WANT ADS.

Want Advertisements for The Sunday World must be in The World's Main Office on or before 7.30 Saturday evening.

Positively no Advertisements will be accepted after this time.

Send your Sunday World Want Advertisements in to-day to make sure of its publication.

2-CENT TRANSFER ORDER IS ISSUED FOR GREEN LINES

Will Be Extended to Brooklyn Surface Cars in the Near Future.

Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon late today issued an order authorizing and permitting the New York Railway to charge 2 cents for transfer tickets from one of their lines to any other.

While the 2-cent charge applies for the time being only on the Eighth and Ninth Avenue trolley lines (the New York Railway), it was announced that a similar charge will go into effect on certain subsidiary surface lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and eventually on all the surface lines of the Greater City.

In all of the cases allowed by the Public Service Commission it is provided that the companies must give ten days' notice. It was stated at the office of the Public Service Commission that the transfer, at 2 cents, would go into effect on Aug. 1.

Counselor Terence Farley of the Commission announced that the five applications made by Brooklyn street railway companies had also been allowed. Asked to specify just which companies would benefit by the order, Counselor Farley said it applied to the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railway Company, the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company, the Coney Island and Gravesend Railway Company, the Nassau Electric Railway Company and the Brooklyn Queens and Suburban Company.

"The transfer, at 2 cents, will be permitted those Brooklyn companies," he said, "which are not protected by the so-called constitutional franchise provision. Most, if not all, of the surface lines of this city were incorporated prior to the constitutional amendment of 1874, and the power of the Public Service Commission as to these appears, from the recent Buffalo rate case, to be practically unlimited."

Counselor Farley before issuing his statement was in communication with both Public Service Commissioner Lewis Nixon and Gov. Smith in Albany.

BROOKLYN BANKS GUARDED.

Police Say Cordon Is Only Usual Pay-Roll Day Protection.

Detectives had such a cordon around each Brooklyn bank to-day that merchants became alarmed and the rumor spread that there was fear of bomb outrages.

At Police Headquarters it was explained that the guard was placed at every bank as a usual weekly precaution. An old order required detectives to watch the banks every Friday and Saturday, as on these two days most of the pay rolls are drawn. The special details are to protect the withdrawals.

Buy a Baby Bond.
Our Bonnet lists \$50.
\$100 Investments. Send for it.
John Muir & Co. 51 3rd Ave.—Adv.

CHOSEN TO BE PERMANENT GENERALS AND ADMIRALS



GEN. JOHN J. PERSHING.



GEN. PEYTON C. MARCH.



ADMIRAL WILLIAM S. SIMS.



ADMIRAL WILLIAM S. BENSON.

I. W. W. PAMPHLETS ASKED BY TEACHER OF PUPILS OF RICH

Wanted Boys to Get Direct Information About Radical Movement, Papers Show.

A letter seized in the raid on the I. W. W. Headquarters, No. 27 East Fourth Street, requested that the writer be supplied with literature to be distributed among the pupils of the wealthy in a private school where she is a teacher. The letter was today introduced as evidence before the Lusk Committee investigating radical activities.

It was dated Salina, Kan., May 3, 1919, and was addressed to I. W. W. Headquarters, this city, and signed "Grace Canale Plank (Mrs. R. L. Plank)." The letter read: "Will you please send me some literature suitable to use in an attempt to get your ideas and principles presented to a group of boys of high school age? I teach in a private school where I have no restrictions. It is my desire to let the boys get direct information about the radical movements throughout the country before their prejudices become too strong. Please do not select things that are so venomous as to antagonize at the outset. It goes without saying that in a private school the boys come mostly from capitalist homes. Give them a chance to know why they are so much hated by your group before you strike them for it."

Another letter, which Archibald E. Stevenson, counsel for the committee, explained, showed connection between the I. W. W. and the Left Wing of the Socialist, was placed on the record. It was taken from the files of the I. W. W. headquarters, bore the address, No. 329 54th Street, Brooklyn, April 22, 1919, and was signed by R. Richardson. It read: "I send a few words of appreciation for the splendid work you are doing. One of our members came to P. H. Gills, Loraine Street, Brooklyn, and delivered some literature, and it made a good impression. Could you send me some literature so that I can continue the good work. Also I think I will be able to get some new members for the I. W. W. In the meantime I will let you know from time to time how things are progressing. I am a member of the I. W. W. No. 329, No. 515, 1st St. I should like to be more active in the organization but at the present time I am active in the Left Wing of the Socialist Party, trying my best to steer it in the direction of the I. W. W."

Magazines and pamphlets in Finnish and Russian were introduced as evidence by Mr. Stevenson and identified as having been taken in the raid. One pamphlet in Russian, which

DRY LAW REFERENDUM ASSURED IN MICHIGAN IN NOVEMBER, 1920

Sufficient Signatures Obtained on Petition to Force Submittal to Voters.

DETROIT, Mich., July 18. REFERENDUM on the election in November, 1920, on Michigan's ratification of national prohibition is assured, according to officials of the State Hotel Men's Association.

It was stated to-day that sufficient signatures have been secured to a petition asking the Secretary of State to submit to the electors for approval or rejection the Act of the Legislature early this year in formally approving constitutional prohibition.

SAYS HE RAISED OWN PAY \$35,000 AT HER EXPENSE

Wants Executors of Estate of Former Head of Advertising Company Ousted.

Following allegations that the beneficiaries of the estate of Benjamin F. Binstein, president of the New York City Car Advertising Co., were not receiving their just share of the revenues of that organization, Surrogate Cochran today ordered Milton Guterman and Jerome H. Townsend, lawyers, to show cause why they should not be removed as executors and trustees. The surrogate will later set a date for hearing on the application made by Amelia C. Friedlander in behalf of herself and other beneficiaries.

Jeane Winburn, whose name was changed by the Supreme Court in June, 1917, to Winburn, was the minority stockholder, and it is charged that by a reorganization Binstein's holdings were reduced to 20 per cent of the capital stock. Winburn thereby becoming majority stockholder.

6 KILLED IN MINE BLOW UP

200 Rescued After West Virginia Shaft Is Wrecked.

BLUEFIELD, W. Va., July 18.—Six miners were killed in an explosion that wrecked the Tazewell mine, near here today. Two hundred men who were in the mine at the time were trapped for several hours but were rescued later by workmen who dug through the wreckage.

GENS. PERSHING AND MARCH GET PERMANENT RANK

Wilson Also Asks Congress to Make Sims and Benson Admirals for Life.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Permanent ranks of General in the Regular Army for Gen. Pershing and Gen. March, Chief of Staff, and permanent ranks of Admiral in the Navy for Rear-Admiral Sims and Admiral Benson, Chief of Operations, were asked of Congress to-day by President Wilson.

The President's message follows: "I take the liberty of calling your attention to a matter which I am sure is at the heart of the whole country, and which I have had very much in mind, throughout all these months when we were trying to arrange a peace that would be worthy of the spirit and achievements of the men who won the victory in the field and on the sea.

"After mature reflection, I earnestly recommend that you give the permanent rank of General to John J. Pershing and Peyton C. March, expressing the law in such a way as to give precedence to Gen. Pershing, and that you give the permanent rank of Admiral to William S. Benson and William S. Sims.

"I take it for granted that I am only anticipating your own thought in proposing these honors for the men upon whom the principal responsibilities devolved for achieving the great results which our incomparable Navy and Army accomplished."

The rank of General which Pershing and March now hold only exists in the emergency army rapidly being disbanded.

While in supreme command of the American fleet in the war zone, Rear Admiral Sims had the rank of a full Admiral, but recently went back to a lower grade. Admiral Benson is soon to retire after taking the navy through the war as Chief of Operations.

No one in Washington would venture to say if the President's recommendations bore any relation to the long reported friction between Pershing and March. There is no official recognition of friction between the two Generals, but army circles on the inside fairly teem with it.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER AMERICAN PROVOST MARSHAL AT COBLENZ

Two Germans Fire Several Shots at Major George Cockriel and Then Escape.

COBLENZ, July 18. (Associated Press).—Two Germans attempted last night to assassinate Major George Cockriel of St. Paul, Minn., Provost Marshal of the American forces in Germany. The Major was not injured. The Germans escaped after firing several shots from behind.

PERSHING IS GIVEN SWORD OF HONOR IN LONDON GUILDHALL

Also Presented With Freedom of City at Picturesque Ceremonies.

LONDON, July 18.—London honored Gen. Pershing to-day by presenting him the freedom of the city and a sword of honor in the presence of a distinguished company of Britons and Americans gathered within the historic Guildhall. John W. Davis, the American Ambassador, the Embassy staff, Rear-Admiral Harry S. Knapp and his staff, members of the British Government and a number of British generals were participants in the ceremony.

Gen. Pershing was applauded by the crowds that had gathered when he made his entry into the city, where the Guilds and the Aldermen in their customary welcoming roles lent a picturesque aspect to the scene.

The General found a company of the Grenadier Guards, with its band, drawn up in the yard. He inspected the Guards and then entered the hall and was conducted to the dais, where he was greeted by the Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress.

After the ceremony in the Guild-

(Continued on Second Page.)

\$25 Men's Suits, \$14.95

The "HUB" Clothing Corner, Broadway, corner Barclay Street (Opp. Woolworth Building), will sell to-day and Saturday, 2,000 men's and young men's Lightweight Suits in blue, brown, green, gray and fancy mixtures; single or double breasted; form-fitting military style for young men, very latest model; some silk lined; all sizes. Our special prices for to-day and Saturday, \$14.95 & \$17.95. Open Saturday night till 10. Hub Clothiers, 57 way, cor. Barclay.

WILSON TELLS REPUBLICANS CHANGE IN TREATY WOULD BE MISINTERPRETED ABROAD

Senator Capper of Kansas Says After Call at White House That President Believes Other Nations Would Also Want to Make Reservations.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—President Wilson still is insistent that the Peace Treaty and League of Nations covenant be ratified without reservations, Senator Capper, Republican, Kansas, said to-day after a conference with the President at the White House.

Senator Capper said the President took the position that adoption of reservations by the Senate was certain to be misinterpreted abroad and would set a precedent which might be followed by other nations.

The President pointed out, Senator Capper said, that if all nations adopted their own reservations on the covenant the real meaning and purpose of the League might be vitiated. The Senator said the President did not present arguments, but simply stated facts, leaving him to draw his own conclusions.

KAISER IS IMPROVING; TWO U. S. CONGRESSMEN CALL AT AMERONGEN

McClintic of Oklahoma and Goodall of Maine Report There To-Day.

AMERONGEN, July 18. (Associated Press).—The former German Emperor, who has been suffering from a cold, was somewhat better to-day, but followed the advice of his physician and remained in bed. He did not get up even for his meals. His sickness, however, is understood to be of a very slight character. James V. McClintic, representative in Congress from Oklahoma, and Louis B. Goodall, representative from Maine, visited Amerongen to-day.

FRENCH HAD 100-MILE GUN BUT NEVER PUT IT TO USE

Chief Engineer of Navy Had Designed Cannon When Germans Bombarded City.

PARIS, Thursday, July 17.—While giving evidence before a committee of the Chamber of Deputies investigating the Briey question to-day, M. L. Bourgeois, Chief Engineer of the Navy Department, said that at the time Paris was being bombarded by German long range guns he had designed a cannon with a range of 100 miles which could be put in position in an hour.

It was developed for bombarding the Briey iron works but the plans were sent from one committee to another and the order to manufacture it was not given until February, 1918. The gun was ready for action at the time the armistice was signed," he said.

Quick Leaves Farm Loan Board. WASHINGTON, July 18.—Resignation of Herbert Quick, of Berkeley Springs, W. Va., as a member of the Farm Loan Board was announced to-day. In accepting the resignation, President Wilson expressed appreciation for the work he did "in organizing the board and in initiating its exceedingly useful functions."

TAKE BELL-AND BEFORE MEALS and see how fine Good Digestion makes you feel.—Adv.

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU. Amade, Editor (World) Building. 35-45 Park Row, N. Y. City. Telephone Beckman 4600.

Check room for baggage and parcels open day and night. Money orders and travelers' checks for sale.—Adv.

FINE FOR YOUR STOMACH. Take Herford's Acid Phosphate. There is nothing better for stomach, acid indigestion, nervousness, etc. Buy a bottle to-day.—Adv.